# SKETCHING CUBICS

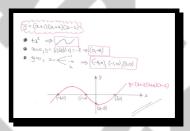
## **Question 1**

Sketch the graph of the curve with equation

$$y = (x+1)(x+4)(x-2), x \in \mathbb{R}.$$

The sketch must include the coordinates of all the points where the curve meets the coordinate axes.

graph

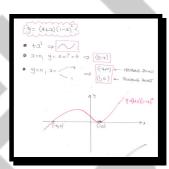


# **Question 2**

Sketch the graph of the curve with equation

$$y = (4+x)(1-x)^2, x \in \mathbb{R}.$$

The sketch must include the coordinates of all the points where the curve meets the coordinate axes.



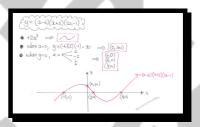
## **Question 3**

Sketch the graph of the curve with equation

$$y = (x-6)(x+5)(2x-1), x \in \mathbb{R}.$$

The sketch must include the coordinates of all the points where the curve meets the coordinate axes.

graph

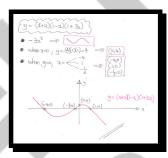


## **Question 4**

Sketch the graph of the curve with equation

$$y = (4+x)(1-x)(1+3x), x \in \mathbb{R}.$$

The sketch must include the coordinates of all the points where the curve meets the coordinate axes.



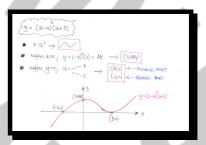
## **Question 5**

Sketch the graph of the curve with equation

$$y = (x-4)^2 (x+3), x \in \mathbb{R}.$$

The sketch must include the coordinates of all the points where the curve meets the coordinate axes.

graph

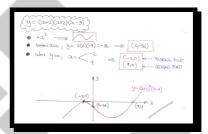


## **Question 6**

Sketch the graph of the curve with equation

$$y = (x+2)(x+2)(x-9), x \in \mathbb{R}.$$

The sketch must include the coordinates of all the points where the curve meets the coordinate axes.



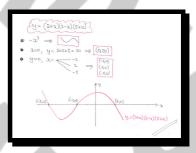
## **Question 7**

Sketch the graph of the curve with equation

$$y = (2+x)(2-x)(5+x), x \in \mathbb{R}.$$

The sketch must include the coordinates of all the points where the curve meets the coordinate axes.

graph



## **Question 8**

Sketch the graph of the curve with equation

$$y = (x-3)(x-5)(x+2), x \in \mathbb{R}.$$

The sketch must include the coordinates of all the points where the curve meets the coordinate axes.



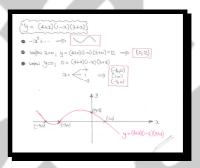
## **Question 9**

Sketch the graph of the curve with equation

$$y = (4+x)(1-x)(3+x), x \in \mathbb{R}.$$

The sketch must include the coordinates of all the points where the curve meets the coordinate axes.

graph

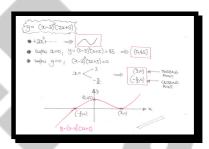


## **Question 10**

Sketch the graph of the curve with equation

$$y = (x-3)^2 (2x+5), x \in \mathbb{R}.$$

The sketch must include the coordinates of all the points where the curve meets the coordinate axes.



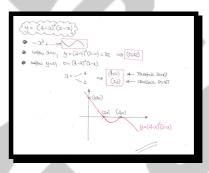
## **Question 11**

Sketch the graph of the curve with equation

$$y = (4-x)^2 (2-x), x \in \mathbb{R}.$$

The sketch must include the coordinates of all the points where the curve meets the coordinate axes.

graph

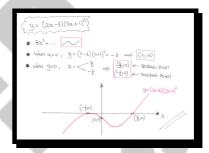


# **Question 12**

Sketch the graph of the curve with equation

$$y = (2x-3)(2x+1)^2, x \in \mathbb{R}$$
.

The sketch must include the coordinates of all the points where the curve meets the coordinate axes.



## **Question 13**

A cubic curve C has equation

$$y = x^3 + x^2 - 24x + 36.$$

a) Find the values of the constants A and B, so that

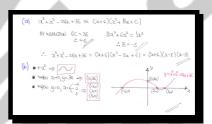
$$x^3 + x^2 - 24x + 36 \equiv (x+6)(x^2 + Bx + C),$$

and hence express y as a product of three linear factors.

**b**) Sketch the graph of C.

The sketch must include any points where the graph meets the coordinate axes.

$$B = -5$$
,  $C = 6$ ,  $y = (x+6)(x-3)(x-2)$ 



## **Question 14**

A cubic curve C has equation

$$y = 2x^3 + x^2 - 41x + 20.$$

a) Find the values of the constants A, B and C, so that

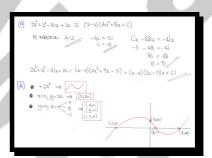
$$2x^{3} + x^{2} - 41x + 20 \equiv (x - 4)(Ax^{2} + Bx + C),$$

and hence express y as a product of three linear factors.

**b**) Sketch the graph of C.

The sketch must include any points where the graph meets the coordinate axes.

$$A = 2$$
,  $B = 9$ ,  $C = -5$ ,  $y = (x+5)(x-4)(2x-1)$ 

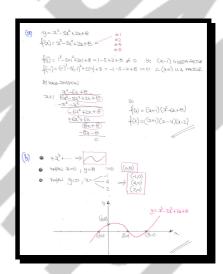


# **Question 15**

$$y = x^3 - 5x^2 + 2x + 8.$$

- a) Express y as a product of three linear factors.
- **b)** Hence sketch the graph of C. The sketch must include all points where the graph meets the coordinate axes.

$$y = (x+1)(x-4)(x-2)$$

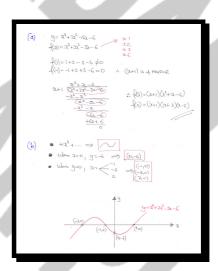


## **Question 16**

$$y = x^3 + 2x^2 - 5x - 6.$$

- a) Express y as a product of three linear factors.
- **b)** Hence sketch the graph of C. The sketch must include all points where the graph meets the coordinate axes.

$$y = (x+1)(x+3)(x-2)$$

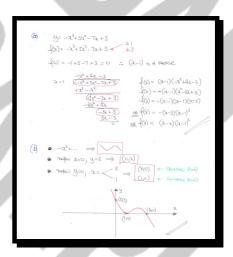


# **Question 17**

$$y = -x^3 + 5x^2 - 7x + 3.$$

- a) Express y as a product of three linear factors.
- **b)** Hence sketch the graph of C. The sketch must include all points where the graph meets the coordinate axes.

$$y = (3-x)(x-1)^2$$

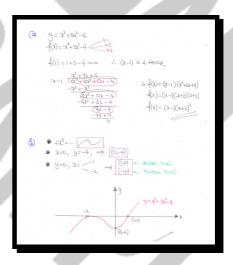


## **Question 18**

$$y = x^3 + 3x^2 - 4.$$

- a) Express y as a product of three linear factors.
- **b)** Hence sketch the graph of C. The sketch must include all points where the graph meets the coordinate axes.

$$y = (x-1)(x+2)^2$$



# **Question 19**

$$y = -x^3 + 7x^2 - 15x + 9.$$

- a) Express y as a product of three linear factors.
- **b)** Hence sketch the graph of C. The sketch must include all points where the graph meets the coordinate axes.

$$y = (1-x)(x-3)^2$$

