

1. a) $\frac{dc}{dv} = -192V^{-2} + \frac{1}{72}V$ o.e. M1 ATTEMPT DIFFERENTIATION
A2

SHOWS FOR ZERO M1

$V = 24$ A1

b) $\left(\frac{d^2c}{dv^2} = \right) 384V^{-3} + \frac{1}{72}$ o.e. B1

SUBSTITUTES "V=24", OBTAINS POSITIVE $\left(\frac{1}{24}\right)$ & STATES POSITIVE A1
& CONCLUDES CORRECTLY

c) SUBS "V=24" INTO $C = \frac{192}{V} + \frac{V^2}{144}$ OR SHOWS 12 B1

FINAL ANSWER OF $\neq 72$ OR 7200 PENCE (MUST HAVE MONETARY UNITS) A1

2. $\frac{1}{2}xy \sin 60 = 7\sqrt{3}$ A1

$(\sqrt{37})^2 = x^2 + y^2 - 2xy \cos 60$ A1

$xy = 28$ AND $x^2 + y^2 - xy = 37$ A1

ATTEMPTS SUBSTITUTION M1

$x^4 - 65x^2 + 784$ OR $y^4 - 65y^2 + 784$ MA1

$x^2 = \begin{matrix} 49 \\ 16 \end{matrix}$ OR $y^2 = \begin{matrix} 49 \\ 16 \end{matrix}$ A2

STATES $x=4, y=7$ ONLY A1
OR $x=4, y=7$ IN EITHER ORDER

3. USE OF $\tan \psi = \frac{\sin \psi}{\cos \psi}$ BI

$$4 \sin^2 \psi + 4 \sin \psi + 1 = 0 \quad \text{MAI}$$

$$(2 \sin \psi + 1)^2 = 0 \quad \text{MI}$$

SIGHT of -30° AI

$210^\circ, 330^\circ$ c.a.o AIAI

4. $\frac{dc}{dT} = -36T^{-2} + \frac{4}{3}T$ MI ATTEMPTS DIFFERENTIATION
AI AI

$$"-36T^{-2} + \frac{4}{3}T" > 0 \quad \text{MI}$$

$$4T^3 > 108 \quad \text{o.e.} \quad \text{MAI}$$

$$T > 3 \quad \text{AI}$$

5. $\binom{7}{5} (4x)^5 \left(\frac{1}{kx}\right)^2$ OR $\binom{7}{2} (4x)^5 \left(\frac{1}{kx}\right)^2$ OR $\frac{7 \times 6}{1 \times 2} (4x)^5 \left(\frac{1}{kx}\right)^2$ B3

$$\frac{21504}{k^2} = k^2 \quad \text{MAI}$$

$$k = 32 \quad \text{c.a.o} \quad \text{AI}$$

6. a) CENTRE AT $(2, 0)$, RADIUS = 4 B3

b) i) $\cos \theta = \frac{2}{4}$ o.e. $\sin \theta = \frac{\sqrt{12}}{4}$ M1

$\theta = \frac{\pi}{3}$ A1 \nearrow dep
 $\pi - \frac{\pi}{3} = \frac{2\pi}{3}$ \nearrow A1 dep

ii) $\frac{1}{2} \times 2 \times 4 \times \sin \frac{\pi}{3} = 2\sqrt{3}$ M1 A1

$\frac{1}{2} \times 4^2 \times \frac{2\pi}{3} = \frac{16\pi}{3}$ M1 A1

$2\sqrt{3} + \frac{16\pi}{3} = \frac{2}{3}(8\pi + 3\sqrt{3})$ A1

7. SIGNT OF $(\log_2 x)^2$ B1

SIGN OF "7-3" OR $\log_2 \left(\frac{128}{8}\right)$ OR $\log_2 16$ M1

$(\log_2 x)^2 = 4$ (DO NOT ACCEPT $\log_2 x^2 = 4$) MA1

$\log_2 x = \pm 2$ A1 (both)

$x = \begin{cases} 4 & \text{A1} \\ \frac{1}{4} & \text{A1} \end{cases}$

8. a) $\int_k^{2k} \frac{x^2+6}{x^4} dx$ MI INTEGRATION WITH UNITS CORRECT

$x^{-2} + 6x^{-4}$ BI BI

$-x^{-1} - 2x^{-3}$ MI MI

$\left(\frac{1}{k} + \frac{2}{k^3}\right) - \left(\frac{1}{2k} + \frac{2}{8k^3}\right)$ o.e MAI (Allow error)

$\frac{1}{2k} + \frac{2}{8k^3}$ AI

$\dots = \frac{9}{4}$ BI THIS MAY APPEAR IN ANY OF THE PREVIOUS UNITS

MULTIPLIES CONVINCINGLY BY $4k^3$ OR BY 4 FOLLOWED BY k^3 AND OBTAINS THE ANSWER GIVEN $9k^3 - 2k^2 - 7 = 0$ MAI

b) $(k-1)(k^2 + bk + c)$ MI

$(k-1)(9k^2 + 7k + 7)$ MAI

" $7^2 - 4 \times 9 \times 7$ " MI AI

OBTAINS NEGATIVE (-203) & CONCLUDES CORRECTLY AI

9. a) SIGHT OF 1.06 BI

$1250 + 1250 \times 1.06 + 1250 \times 1.06^2$ OR 2575×1.06 OR 2729.5 MI

OBTAINS CORRECTLY ± 3979.50 AI

b) $1250 + 1250 \times 1.06 + 1250 \times 1.06^2 + \dots + 1250 \times 1.06^{40}$ MI STRUCTURE
(OR 1250 FACTORIZED OR MISSING MI "40")

$\frac{1250(1.06^{40} - 1)}{1.06 - 1}$ MI STRUCTURE
AI ALL CORRECT

193452.457... AI

(ACCEPT ANY SENSIBLE CORRECT ANSWER)

10.

SINE WAVE INTERSECTING y AXIS IN $y > 0$ B1

IT INTERCEPTS AT 15° & 105° B1

MIN AT $(60, -1)$ MAX AT $(150, 1)$ B1