

1. a) $512 + 2304x + 4608x^2 + 5376x^3$ B4

b) $1 - \frac{1}{4}x + \frac{1}{64}x^2$ B1

36, -1152, 5376 A2 -1 e e o o

4260 A1

2. $\frac{1.25}{2} [9 + 13 + 2 \times (17 + 25 + 21)]$ M1 M1 M1

92.5 c.a.o A1

3. a) $3 \times 4^3 - 2 \times 4^2 - 12 \times 4 + 8$ or $192 - 32 - 48 + 8$ M1

120 c.a.o A1

b) $(x-2)(3x^2+4x-4)$ M2 [1 MARK $(x-2)$ (ANY QUADRATIC)]

$(x-2)(3x-2)(x+2)$ M1

$x = \begin{cases} 2 \\ -2 \\ -2 \end{cases}$

A2 -1 e e o o

4. (a) SLANT OF $\sqrt{10}$ OR ATTEMPT TO FIND AC OR ATTEMPT TO FIND BC M1

$(x+1)^2 + (y-2)^2 = 10$ A1 A1 A1

b) $(-2, 4)$ B1

GRADIENT OF AB = $\frac{1}{2}$ B1

$y - 4 = -2(x + 2)$

or $y = -2x$

M1 CORRECT USE OF LINE FORMULA WITH $(-2, 4)$

M1 \neq CORRECT GRADIENT

5. a) $(\sqrt{13})^2 = 1^2 + 4^2 - 2 \times 1 \times 4 \times \cos \theta$ OR SIMILAR M1

$8 \cos \theta = 4$ OR SIMILAR M1

$\cos \theta = \frac{1}{2}$ o.e. & conclusion " $\theta = \frac{\pi}{3}$ " A1

b) $\frac{1}{2} \times 1^2 = \frac{\pi}{3}$ M1

$\frac{\pi}{6}$ A1 (MUST BE OBVIOUS THIS IS THE AREA OF SECTOR)

$\frac{1}{2} \times 4 \times 1 \times \sin \frac{\pi}{3}$ M1

$\sqrt{3}$ A1 (MUST BE OBVIOUS THIS IS THE AREA OF THE TRIANGLE)

" $\sqrt{3}$ " - " $\frac{\pi}{6}$ " OR 1.21 A1

6. $\log_a x^2$ B1

$\log_a \left(\frac{x^2}{x-4} \right)$ OR $\log_a \left(\frac{x^2}{18} \right)$ OR $\log_a (18(x-4))$ B1

$x^2 = 18(x-4)$ OR $x^2 - 18x + 72$ OR SIMILAR A1

$(x-6)(x-12)$ M1

$x < \begin{matrix} 6 \\ 12 \end{matrix}$ BOTH A1

7. a) $-3x^2 + 18x - 15$ M1

$-3x^2 - 18x - 15 = 0$ A1

$(x-1)(x-5)$ M1

$(1, -20)$ $(5, 12)$ A1 A1 (Allow 1 mark for $x = \leq 5$ BOTH)

b) $-6x + 18$ B1

$-6 \times 1 + 18$ OR $12 > 0$ SO " $(1, -20)$ " IS MIN A1

$-6 \times 5 + 18$ OR $-12 < 0$ SO " $(5, 12)$ " IS MAX A1

c)

$x < 1$ B1

$x > 5$ B1

(DO NOT ALLOW "COMBINED")

8. $3x = 48$ B1

$3x = 132$ B1

(16), (136), (44), (164) A3 -leeeoo

9. a)(i) SLIGHT OF 1.02 (MAY APPEAR IN PART (a)(ii)) B1

5×1.02^9 M1

5.975... A1

(ii) $\frac{5(1-1.02^{10})}{1-1.02}$ OR SIMILAR M1

54.749... A1

b) $\frac{5(1-1.02^n)}{1-1.02} \leq 360$ B1

SIMPLIFIED WITH AT LEAST
ONE SIGNIFICANT STEP M1

COMPLETES CORRECTLY A1

(WATCH FOR MISTAKES IN THE DIRECTION OF INEQUALITIES OR "FUDGES")

c) USE OF LOGS M1

$n \log(1.02) \leq \log 2.44$ M1

SHOWS 45 AS FINAL ANSWER A1

OR

$$1.02^{45} = 2.4378... \text{ B1}$$
$$1.02^{46} = 2.4866... \text{ B1}$$

SHOWS $n=45$ A1

10. $x^2 - 11x - 28 = 0$ M

Shows $x = 4$ AND/OR 7 A

$$(x-3)(x-8)$$

OR IMPLES THAT $(3,0)$ IS THE x INTERCEPT A

$$\int_3^4 -x^2 + 11x - 24 \, dx = \dots -\frac{1}{3}x^3 + \frac{11}{2}x^2 - 24x = \frac{13}{6}$$

SHOW AREA OF $4 \times \frac{4}{4}$ IS 16 B

GIVES FINAL ANSWER AS $\frac{83}{6}$ OR EQUIVALENT) A
OR SHOW $16 - \frac{13}{6}$