

1.  $x^2 - 4x + 2 = -x^2 - 8x$  M1

$x^2 + 2x + 1 = 0$  OR  $(x+1)^2 = 0$  M1  
OR  $2(x+1)^2 = 0$

$(-1, 7)$

A2

---

2.  $u_2 = 1$  A1

$u_3 = 4$  A1

$u_4 = 1$  A1

$u_{10} = 1$  A1 dtp on first 3 marks

---

3.  $2 + y = \sqrt{2}y$  M1

$2 = \sqrt{2}y - y$  OR  $2 = y(\sqrt{2} - 1)$  M1

$y = \frac{2}{\sqrt{2} - 1}$  A1

$y = \frac{2(\sqrt{2} + 1)}{(\sqrt{2} - 1)(\sqrt{2} + 1)}$  M1 ft

$y = 2 + 2\sqrt{2}$  A1 c.a.o

---

4. a)  $(x+2)^2 + 8$  A1 A1  
b) 8 A1 dtp

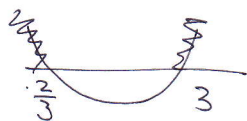
5. a)  $16 - 8x < 30$  OR  $4 - 2x < \frac{7}{2}$  M1  
 $-8x < 14$  OR  $-4x < 7$  OE M1  
 $x > -\frac{7}{4}$  A1

DO NOT ACCEPT  $-\frac{7}{4} < x$

b)  $x + 3x^2 - 12x + 6 > 0$  M1

$(3x - 2)(x - 3)$  M1

C.V IMPULSED OR STATED AS  $\frac{2}{3}$  3 A1



OR EQUIVALENT METHOD

M1

$x < \frac{2}{3}$  OR  $x > 3$

A1 dtp

- IF  $x + 3(x^2 - 4x + 2)$  IS TREATED AS  $(x+3)(x^2 - 4x + 2)$  WHILE QUESTION SCORES 0
- DO NOT ACCEPT  $3 < x < \frac{2}{3}$
- ACCEPT AND INSTEAD OF OR

6.

$\frac{20}{2} [13 + 70]$  M3  
 830 A1

$\frac{20}{2} [2 \times 13 + 19 \times 3]$  M3  
 830 A1

IF NO MARKS ARE SCORED THEN AWARD ONE MARK FOR  $13 + 16 + 19 + \dots$

ALL MARKS ARE DEPENDANT ON QUANTITIES BEING PART OF THE CORRECT FORMULA

7. a)

$$\frac{-2-2}{7-1} \text{ or } \frac{2-(-2)}{1-7} \quad \text{M1}$$

$$-\frac{2}{3} \quad \text{A1}$$

$$y-2 = -\frac{2}{3}(x-1) \text{ or } y+2 = -\frac{2}{3}(x-7) \quad \text{M1 ft}$$

$$2x+3y = 8 \quad \text{A1 c.a.o.}$$

b)

GRADIENT OF  $\frac{3}{2}$  IS IMPLIED OR USED B1 ft

$$y+2 = \frac{3}{2}(x+7) \quad \text{M1 ft}$$

$$\text{f.g } 2y = 3x - 25 \text{ or } y = \frac{3}{2}x - \frac{25}{2} \quad \text{A1}$$

c)

SUBSTITUTES  $x=1$  INTO EITHER " $\frac{1}{2}$ " M1 ft

$$C(1, -1) \text{ or } "y = -1" \quad \text{A1 ft}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \times 13 \times 6$$

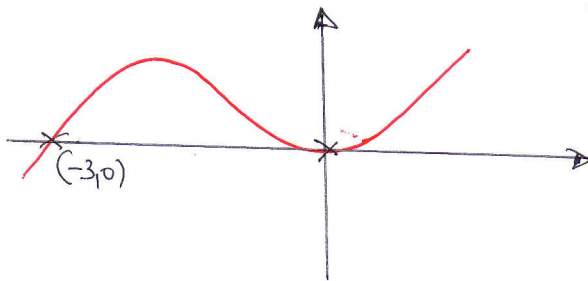
$$39$$

M1

A1 c.a.o.

ALTERNATIVE  $|AB| = \sqrt{52}$  or or  $|BC| = \sqrt{117}$

8. a)

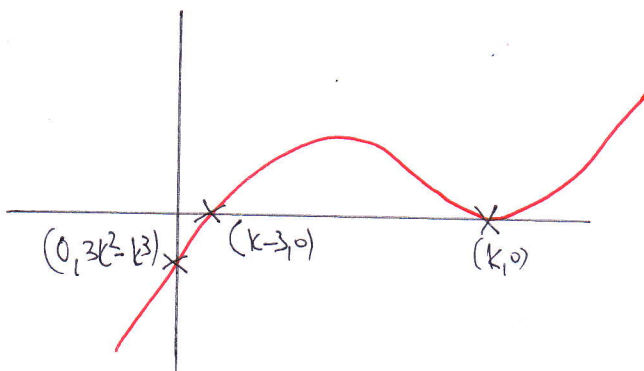


SHAPE G1

TOUCHING AT ORIGIN G1

CROSSING AT  $(-3, 0)$  G1

b)



TRANSLOCATION INTO  
CORRECT POSITION G1

CORRECT  $x$  INTERCEPTS BOTH A1

CORRECT  $y$  INTERCEPT A1

9. a)  $500 = 77 + (n-1) \times 3$  OR PRACTICAL METHOD M1  
 $n = 142$  A1  
 $\frac{142}{2} [77 + 500]$  OR  $\frac{142}{2} [2 \times 77 + (142-1) \times 3]$  M2  
 $40967$  A1 c.a.o

b)  $\frac{71}{2} [80 + 500]$  OR  $\frac{71}{2} [2 \times 80 + 70 \times 6]$  M1  
 $20590$  A1 c.a.o

10 a)  $\frac{4x^2 + 4x + 1}{9x^4}$  M1  
 $\frac{4}{9}x^{-2} + \frac{4}{9}x^{-3} + \frac{1}{9}x^{-4}$  A3

b)  $-\frac{8}{9}x^{-3} - \frac{4}{3}x^{-4} - \frac{4}{9}x^{-5}$  A2 -1 eeo  
 ALLOW NON SIMPLIFIED FRACTIONS

c)  $-\frac{4}{9}x^{-1} - \frac{2}{9}x^{-2} - \frac{1}{27}x^{-3} + C$  A3  
 ALLOW NON SIMPLIFIED FRACTIONS  
 BUT NO DOUBLE FRACTIONS

11  $x^2 + (2m+3)x + m^2 = 0$  B1  
 $b^2 - 4ac = 0$  OR  $(2m+3)^2 - 4 \times 1 \times m^2 = 0$  M1  
 $4m^2 + 12m + 9 - 4m^2$  M1  
 $12m = -9$  M1  
 $m = -\frac{3}{4}$  A1

$$12. (a) \quad \frac{dy}{dx} = 12x^2 - 7 \quad M1$$

GRADIENT IMPULSED OR STATED AS 5 A1

$$y = -4 \quad \text{OR} \quad (1, -4) \quad B1$$

$$y + 4 = 5(x - 1) \quad \text{OR}$$

$$\text{f.g. } y = 5x - 9$$

$$(b) \quad 4x^3 - 7x - 1 = 5x - 9 \quad M1$$

$$x^3 - 3x + 2 = 0 \quad M1$$

$$(x - 1)^2 (x + 2) = 0 \quad A1$$

$$x = -2, \quad y = -19 \quad \text{OR} \quad (-2, -19) \quad A2$$